

CHAPTER III

METHOD OF THE RESEARCH

3.1 Research Design

This research is a descriptive qualitative research. Qualitative descriptive is an analysis of data that be obtained through words, in sentences or paragraphs in the text. In this research, researcher will find the information about data analysis through interpretation based on the facts and theories by experts. Creswell & Creswell (2018) said that qualitative research is a type of research in which researchers will very dependent information from objects or data sources. In qualitative research, the data will be collected consists mainly of words or text from data sources (novel) especially in this research, will explain and analyze words and conduct research subjectively.

From the explanation above, it can be concluded that qualitative research is an analysis of data that explains events using words, sentences, and paragraphs in text that can be understood and interpreted to gain the aim of this research. And the result of analysis data in this research will be shaped as sentences or paragraph. The data will be explained and will be served in group of sentences or in paragraph, and in the form of words, phrases and sentences not in the form of numbers. Each of data analysis and the result of analysis will be explained by sentences obtained from data sources in the form of words or sentences.

3.2 Object of the Research

The object of this research is racism in the novel “The Adventure of Huckleberry Finn”. The racism will be analyzed based on the Racism theory by Miles & Brown, (2003). The racism in this research will be focused about forms of racism in 19th century of America as reflected in the novel and the struggle of the main character to get his freedom in the novel. The form of racism in 19th century of America as reflected in the novel namely slavery, colonialism, capitalism and social class.

3.3 Method of Collecting Data

Collecting data method is the way the researcher performs an action to obtain information which the researcher does. In this research, researcher uses the method non-participatory observation, that involves observing participants without actively participating. Based on Mahalakshmi & Duraiswamy, (2012) This option is used to explain the phenomena by joining the group or social structure concerned, while remaining separate from the events identified. The researcher concentrates to get the data beside the text. There are some technique collecting data as follow:

1. Reading is the first step to collecting the data. Read the novel to get the deeper meaning, especially for the implied meaning, the researcher needs to read, felt, heard and see the entire story of the novel several times. Reading the novel from 1st page until the last page.

2. After reading, highlighting is the next technique. Highlighting the text showing the form of racism in 19th century of America as reflected in the novel *The Adventure of Huckleberry Finn* by Mark Twain related to the issue based on the racism theory by Miles & Brown, (2003) and struggle of the main character to get his freedom in the novel *The Adventure of Huckleberry Finn* by Mark Twain.
3. Write and take note. The researcher takes a note and write down several words that is implied and hard to understand. Taking note and write down everything that is necessary is important to do so then it wouldn't be forgotten. And also take note is for collecting the important word about quotation that contains racism in it so it wouldn't be missed during the representing the data.
4. Then classify the form of racism and the process of slave come out from slavery in the novel *The Adventure of Huckleberry Finn* based on the racism theory by Miles & Brown, (2003)
5. Data reduction. Data reduction means reduce to an important event and making it into only a specific thing. In the other words, the unnecessary data will be removed. In this context the important data will only involve a specific thing that contains feminism. The researcher only takes the important data that contain of racism and the struggle of main character in the novel *The Adventure of Huckleberry Finn* by Mark Twain (1885) as an intrinsic. After the data that relate to racism and struggling issue is found, then the researcher collects it.

6. Data display. Data display is displaying the data is one of the important ways to do to make the researcher understand in depth about the data that has been reduced that related to the racism and struggling issue in the novel *The Adventure of Huckleberry Finn* by Mark Twain (1885).

3.4 Method of Analyzing Data

Qualitative data analysis as a whole involves the effort to interpret data in the form of text or images Creswell & Creswell (2018). The method of the researcher uses to analyzed the content from the story or plot. This method of analyzing the data will explain how the data analysis contained in the novel *The Adventure of Huckleberry Finn* using the sociological approach. In this research, the researcher applies the categorization method of analyzing data. According to Mahalakshmi & Duraiswamy (2012), categorization was the process of organizing the data or object to be able to understand. A category usually refers to a relationship between the subjects and the objects of knowledge. In addition, the data categorization usually included to the text, voice, image, object, etc. the technique of analyzing data conducted by the following:

1. The researcher will begin to choose the essential data, focusing on the problem.
2. Sorting the data. It means to look for the data that related to the racism phenomenon in the novel *The Adventure of Huckleberry Finn*.
3. Removing unnecessary and repeated data.
4. Putting the data into the categorization based the theory of Racism proposed by Miles & Brown, (2003).

5. Then, the researcher analysis the quotation and search the meaning of the quotation based on the existing theory.
6. After analyzing the data, the researcher draws some conclusions.

3.5 Method of Presenting Research Result

According to (Ratna 2012) presenting the research result can divides into two categories. They are informal and formal. In this research, researcher is more likely to use the informal method due to present it by using sentence and word and the data will be described orally.