

CHAPTER III

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

This chapter describes the research technique that was employed by the researcher. It is important for the researcher to specify the research technique in a study. This chapter includes the research design, research object, data collection method, data examination method, and analysis result presentation approach.

3.1 Research Design

The qualitative method that uses in this research. According to Merriam & Tisdell, (2016) the collection and analysis of data consists of words carried out in various ways. In data collection, data analysis, and the results include conclusions in the form of descriptive or written in words.

The reason why this research uses qualitative methods because of the data source, research or data collection and the results along with conclusions in the form of writing or descriptive. moreover qualitative approaches incorporate text and image data (John W Creswell & Creswell, 2018).

3.2 Object of the Research

The most significant aspect of an analysis is the subject of extensive investigation, which is the major focus of this study. The researcher studies the destruction of women's rights and the form of resistance performed by main character and other character in this study and applies Beauvoir (1953) & Walby (1990) theory in Atwood's novel *The Handmaid's Tale* (1985). In this circumstance,

the major references in this study are female discrimination and resistance performed by main character. *The Handmaid's Tale* by Margaret Atwood is widely regarded as a masterpiece of dystopian fiction. Its advantages lie in its profound exploration of themes such as power, gender, and autonomy. The novel's ability to resonate with contemporary issues related to women's rights and political control has made it a timeless work. The novel's complex characters and intricate narrative structure further enhance its literary merit, making it a critical tool for discussions on feminism, politics, and human rights.

The Handmaid's Tale has received numerous accolades since its publication. Some of the most notable awards include: The Governor General's Award for English-language fiction (1985) This prestigious Canadian award recognized Atwood's outstanding contribution to literature, The Arthur C. Clarke Award (1987) was honored as the best science fiction novel published in the United Kingdom, and Los Angeles Times Book Prize (1986): Atwood's novel was awarded in the Fiction category, acknowledging its excellence in narrative and thematic depth. *The Handmaid's Tale* has been adapted into various formats, each contributing to its cultural significance: 1990 Film Adaptation: Directed by Volker Schlöndorff, this film brought the novel's dystopian vision to the big screen, with a screenplay by Harold Pinter. 2017 Television Series: Perhaps the most famous adaptation, the Hulu television series, has been critically acclaimed and widely popular. Starring Elisabeth Moss as Offred, the series has won several awards, including "Emmy Awards" and "Golden Globes", for its powerful portrayal of the novel's themes and its relevance to contemporary issues. Stage Adaptations: The novel has also been

adapted into stage plays, offering live audiences an immersive experience of Atwood's dystopian world. These adaptations have been performed in various countries, reflecting the global impact of the novel.

3.3 Method of Collecting Data

The method of data collection is necessary for the researcher to examine and make conclusions from the data. The researcher employs nonparticipant observation in this approach of data collection. As Jack R. Frankel et al. (2009) stated the researcher does not take part in an activity or circumstance in nonparticipant observation studies. In this context, the researcher reads the novel "The Handmaid Tale" by Margaret Atwood which is primary data and journal articles as secondary data.

The following is an explanation of the data collection technique, the first the researcher reads the entire novel as primary data and makes sure that the data sought is sufficient and available in it. For the secondary data, the researcher uses information gleaned from reading the journal articles that have been utilized. And then the researcher underlines all data discovered in the book that has characteristics that fit its variable and topic, making it easy to separate it from other data. After that the researcher take notes and write them down. Some of the items identified in the novel that are pertinent to the topic are recorded and written down by the researcher and, keep in mind that essential terms concerning quotations involving feminism should be collected so that they are not overlooked while portraying the data. Reduce data. is sitting out the most relevant info from a large amount of data. In other words, extraneous data will be removed. Important data in this context will

only include feminism-related items. The researcher solely collects vital data pertaining to the novel *The Handmaid's Tale's* feminist problem. When data on the topic of feminism is discovered, research collects it. The final stage is to connect it to the theory. Finally, data is displayed, Data presentation is one of the most essential techniques for academics to have a thorough understanding of the data that has been minimized in relation to the subject of feminism.

3.4 Method of Analyzing Data

The data will then be analyzed. The acquired data must be analyzed using the qualitative approach and the theories that will be used. Researcher will employ a variety of methods of analysis. According to Jhon W. Creswell (2013) include attempting to analyze data in the form of text or images. The qualitative technique was applied in this study. The approach employed was descriptive analysis. The descriptive analysis approach is used to describe the information that will be analyzed.

The descriptive analytical approach can also be used with the formal method. The data is first presented in order to locate the elements, which are then evaluated and even compared. When analyzing the data, the researcher will use Sylvia Walby's hypothesis, which is backed by Simone De Beauvoir. In order to analyze the data, the researcher took various steps. First, the researcher examines the text's intrinsic features, which are fictitious characteristics, notably the plot, character, theme, setting, and point of view of “*The Handmaid Tale*” by Margaret Atwood. The researcher next examined the novel's extrinsic aspects using the

notion of women's rights and the resistance performed by the main character & other characters.

3.5 Method of Presenting the Research Result

Following analysis, the next stage is to communicate the findings. The qualitative descriptive approach was employed by the researcher to convey the study findings. The qualitative research approach denotes that the study findings will be conveyed utilizing words and phrases. Descriptive indicates that the researcher will use paragraphs to explain the outcome of the experiment Jhon W. Creswell (2013). Therefore, in the manner of presenting study results, the researcher will demonstrate data analysis by employing words and phrases in the form of paragraph.