CHAPTER V
CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION

In the last part of this study, the researcher presents conclusions from the overall discussion of types and functions contained in the movie "Luckiest Girl Alive" and suggestions given to add information for future researchers who will analyze this research in the future.

5.1 Conclusion

Everyone uses language as a means of communication in everyday life. The use of appropriate communication in social circumstances is referred to as pragmatic language. In speech acts theory, illocutionary suppression happens when the hearer fails to perceive the speaker's illocutionary goals, the hearer does not understand what the speaker is attempting to accomplish with her words, and therefore the speech act fails. The "Luckiest Girl Alive" movie employed in this study found 143 data and the researchers analysed 30 data of expressive illocutionary acts uttered by the characters.

The first question of this research is the types of expressive illocutionary acts applied. In addition, this study concluded the functions of expressive illocutionary acts that appear in the movie. The acts found in the movie are thank, apologize, congratulate, condole, complain, lament, protest, boast, compliment, praise, deplore, and greet. The most common type of expressive illocutionary act is thanking, which was frequently employed as the characters conveyed their gratitude. This kind was mostly uttered because the characters describe their gratitude.

The second question of this research was the functions of expressive illocutionary acts. The functions found in the movie are showing gratitude, showing regret, appreciating, praising, condoling, showing acceptance, and complaining. The most common functions of expressive illocutionary acts in "Luckiest Girl Alive" are showing gratitude and praising. These functions are often employed because the speakers want to appreciate the actions taken by others and to describe gratitude to those who listen to them. This study highlights the significance of pragmatics in daily life, demonstrating how the forms and functions of expressive illocutionary acts help characters communicate clearly and effectively, fostering better understanding and stronger relationships.

5.2 Recommendation

After completing this research, it contains recommendations for those who will conduct similar research, particularly in the field of pragmatics. Thus, more research on the use of the phrase 'expressive illocutionary actions' is essential in societal communication, especially in English-speaking societies. This is because English is widely employed worldwide and has become one of the international languages, necessitating learning about English. The results of this study indicate that the utilization of expressive illocutionary acts is contingent upon the communication context, as varying contexts yield distinct meanings and interpretations. Furthermore, the researcher advises other researchers to select different study subjects to prevent plagiarism. Based on the analysis conducted, the researcher concludes that this study is far from flawless. Although it has identified various kinds and functions of expressive speech acts in the movie "Luckiest Girl Alive," the researcher suggests that further research be conducted to provide a more

comprehensive and in-depth picture. Other researchers may consider exploring more recent and relevant films, which may offer different or more varied contexts and examples of expressive speech acts. As such, further research can enrich our understanding of how expressive speech acts are employed in popular media and how they reflect complex social and emotional dynamics.