

CHAPTER III

METHOD OF THE RESEARCH

Method of research is the method used to collect the information and data for the purpose of analysis. The method of research might include some publication research, interviews, surveys, and other research techniques, and might include present and past information.

3.1 Research Design

Research design is defined as the modes of observation that enable the scientist to obtain observation in more arranged and structured ways (Abbott Lee & McKinney, 2012). Research design is included the plans and procedures of research which consists of the methods of collecting data, analysing data, and presenting the result analysis. Qualitative research is used to gain an understanding of underlying reasons, idea, and motivations. Qualitative research is also often referred as naturalistic research, because the research can be conducted in any kind of condition (Sugiarto, 2015). In doing the research, the researcher uses the descriptive qualitative method because this research more focuses on the analysis of a written material. The material of this research is a mystery thriller novel, *The Whispering Skull*. This descriptive method is applied because the data and result of analysis will be presented descriptively. Moreover, the researcher is the key of the instrument in the whole observation

Based on the explanation above, this research is attempted to analyse the types of defense mechanism which are found in *The Whispering Skull* novel by using descriptive qualitative method.

3.2 Object of the Research

Every research has its object to analyse. The object will be analysed by applying the certain method. Object of the research is very important in the research to get the findings scientifically. In simpler word, the object of the research is required to get the needed explanation. The object in this research is the types of defense mechanism that the author created in the *whispering skull* novel and through what the defense mechanism is reflected by the main character.

3.3 Method of Collecting Data

In data collecting, instrument is one of the most important key. According to Anderson, the instrument in the method of collecting data is the researcher herself (Wibiana, 2018). The researcher has to take part in the whole process of collecting data. To get the data, the researcher can use some methods, which are observational, focus group discussions, and document study. In process of collecting data, the researcher used document study method, which can focus on words, subjects, and concepts in texts, such as publications, books, reports, and writing works. The steps that the researcher took to collect the data:

1. The researcher reads the content of *The Whispering Skull* novel.
2. Chooses the relevant data with defense mechanism which are found in *The Whispering Skull* novel.

3. Documented the data by bolding the words that related to the purpose of the study

3.4 Method of Analyzing Data

According to Moloeng, analyzing data is the process of review, sorting, listing, and grouping data to obtain a conclusion in the research findings (Siyoto & Sodik, 2015). To make it simply and answer the research problem mentioned before, the researcher analysed the data systematically after the data have been collected. The researcher used content analysis, which means the data source is document artifacts like texts in various format. The steps taken to analysing data are following:

1. The researcher reads the content of the novel, and determines the types of the data.
2. The researcher analyses the data by applying Sigmund Freud's theory, which summarized by Calvin S. Hall in a book entitled *Psikologi Freud*.
3. Interpret the data into a conclusion.

3.5 Method of Presenting the Analysis Result

After analysed the data, the last step is presenting the result analysis. In this research, the researcher uses the informal method, which means the researcher will present the result of the analysis by using description. There are two ways of how the researcher presenting the result of analysis. First, the researcher writes a research report in a written form. The researcher writes the report by using descriptive method which means describe the result by using words. Second, the

researcher presents the result by using descriptive in oral form. The result will be presented by using description to make the readers or hearers easily understand.