CHAPTER III RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

In this chapter, the researcher discusses about methods and procedures that are used to answer the question based on the problem. A method is a kind of systematical work plan in order to make the research work become easier, so that it can achieve its main purpose, Sudaryanto, (1993:9). The researcher discusses about several method such as research design, method of collecting data, method of the analyzing data, and method of presenting research result.

3.1 Research Design

In this chapter, the researcher gives more details about what the researcher does in this research. It is started from reads the print play "Anthony and Cleopatra" by William Shakespeare and finds interesting phenomena. The researcher finds out that the phenomena in this play is related to feminism showed by the main character itself, and finally applies existentialist feminism theory proposed by Simon De Beauvoir. As has been stated in previous subchapter, the theory of Simon De Beauvoir added from his friend, Sartre Jean Paul.

According to Kothari, (2004:31) the meaning of research design itself is the conceptual structure within which research is conducted, it is also constitutes the blueprint for the data collection, after that doing a measurement and finally analyzing the data. In other words, research design consict of the answer of what, where, when, and how much related to the research.

This research uses descriptive method that is aimed to describe systematically the fact, and accurate description of a situation of area. Beside descriptive method, the researcher also applies qualitative method. This method is based on the data which are words or sentence and not about the number (Sudaryanto, 1993:62). This study is a literary criticism and uses existentialist feminism theory to deal with the data. It is literary criticism which is applied to the analysis, interpretation, and evaluation of a literary work (Peck and Coyle, 1984:149) and in this study the researcher conducts discussion of literature, including description, analysis, and interpretation of a literary work in the play "Anthony and Cleopatra" by William Shakespeare.

Basically, feminism is the women movement that struggle for women rights. Feminism grows from the fact that women always get discriminations in the social structure. So, the history of women are different from the history of men, it seems that women become the second sex, or only become servant of men and are exploited on their social relation. To analyze the data, the researcher applies existentialist feminism theory because the play describes about women have the same right as men.

Existentialist feminism explains of women as an object related with the subject. In this world no women express herself freely without depend on men as subject.

According to existentialist feminism theory, the existing of these woman can be achieved by the tendencies as follow by working, becoming intellects, by transfering the social value into the society, and refused to internalize the other status and identify herself through the view of dominant group in society.

3.2 Method of Collecting Data

According to Arikunto (2002:236) stated that documentary method can provide information and documentary technique is the way to get information related to the variable and data from books, newspaper, magazine, or the other references. Documentary technique means reading, studying and analyzing all references related to the study.

The researcher collect the data from reading all the script of the drama and underline the dialogue related to the topic of the thesis and making some notes from the dialoque of the drama and explanation about them. She also collects the data from the opinion of the experts from many sources to give an accurate theories to analize the research problem these data became secondary data. While the data from the script of the drama is the primary data. Futher, explainations about these two kinds of data source will be explained as follow:

3.2.1 Primary Data Sources

Primary data is the main source that researcher uses. As the primary data source, the writer uses the play entitled "Anthony and Cleopatra" by William Shakespeare. Before writing this research, the researcher had read this drama many times regularly. In order toget the idea of existentialist feminism that reflected in his drama and to catch the author's purpose of create the drama. After that, the researcher categorizes the related data on Beauvoir's theory.

3.2.2 Secondary Data Sources

To support the primary data is secondary data source. The secondary data is normally uses to provide the writer material in this research such as related theory and any relevant information which has relationship with the topic. To strength

the data, the researcher uses some book, and articles from internet, film which relevant and supported this analysis.

3.3 Method of Analyzing Data

In analyzing the data, the researcher focuses on two components that are discussed intrinsic and extrinsic component. For more explaination of these two components as follows:

3.3.1 Intrinsic Component

Intrinsic component consists of some elements of fiction. Those are plot, character, setting, theme, and point of view. In this research, the researcher only focuses on character rather than other intrinsic element. Feminism values is clearly show her character based on her characterization. Based on the play, there were so many characterizations of Cleopatra.

According to F.C, Lucas, (1967:67), there are six methods to understand the characterization as; direct statement, action, externals (may be a clue to develop perception of the character through the use at physical detail, incuding voice, walk and clothes), speech, reactions from the others, and environment (the presentation of a person's surrounding, particularly those she or he deliberately chooses, including the reactions author's prefer, contributes to an understanding of the character). Characterization of cleopatra has shown her character. After finishing read the print of play "Anthony and Cleopatra" the researcher found her character based on characterization as; beautiful and exciting, emotional and easily changing, and ambitious.

3.3.2 Extrinsic Component

The extrinsic element of literature is the things that can not really be found inside the story itself. It was not the material but the facts and information that supports and surrounds the story. It could tell about the author, inspiration, life experiences. It could also tell about the world situation, past, present or may be the future, and many other supporting facts.

In extrinsic components, the researcher applies the existentialist feminism theory proposed by Simone De Beauvoir in her book *Second Sex*. In this book, she actually added opinion of expert in feminism Jean Paul Sartre.

3.4 Method of Presenting Research Result

There are two kinds of presentation method of data analysis result, they are formal and informal presentation method Sudaryanto, (1993:145). Formal presentation method is the researcher presents the data analysis result by using symbol, signs, table and diagram. While informal presentation method is the writer presents the data analysis result by using words or sentences without symbol, signs, table, and diagram.

In this research, the researcher uses qualitative method to analyze this data, the researcher chooses informal method to report the data. Then this data will be presenting based on the real data in the form of words and pharagraph. The result of this research are narration and dialogue in play which related to existentialist feminism values and how those values reflected in the main character of the play itself. Afterward, the researcher takes a conclusion from this research.