

CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION

5.1 Conclusion

There were main conclusions that can be taken from the research analysis and findings related to the analysis of assertive acts that uttered in the A Fall from Grace movie. For the first, there were nine types of assertive acts found in A Fall from Grace movie. Those are, assert, report, insist, claim, confess, agree, complaint, predict, and, inform. The most common types of assertive illocutionary acts that showed in A Fall from Grace movie were the types of assert type. This type was mostly showed because the speaker expressed the intention to assert the utterance which was the truthiness and conveyed the fact.

For the second, there were nine functions of assertive acts that showed in A Fall from Grace movie. Those are to make the hearer feel sure, to assert to hearer with the additional mode of achievement, to argue against an argument already put forward, giving full account of something, to admit with additional propositional content condition, to express approval or disapproval of something, to express dissatisfaction for a state of affairs, to assert with propositional content condition, and to assert to hearer with the additional preparatory condition. The most common functions of assertive acts that showed in A Fall from Grace movie were the functions of to make the hearer feel sure. Those functions were common because the speakers wanted convey the speaker's goal or aim to make hearer feel sure to the condition or factual information which uttered by speaker.

5.2 Recommendation

Following the completion of the research, the researcher contains suggestions to those who will utilize the similar research, especially pragmatics. More research on the usage of the term assertive acts for communication in society, especially in the English community, is needed. This is because English is widely used in all parts of the world and has become an international language so that an understanding of English is needed, this is attributed to the reason that English is widely used around the globe and has evolved into an international language, requiring a comprehension of the language, especially when understanding someone's intended meaning. The results of this research's utilization of assertive illocutionary acts were influenced by the communication context, because different communication contexts produce different sorts of meaning and comprehension. Furthermore, the researcher anticipates that other researchers would use different research objects in order to avoid plagiarism.