

CHAPTER III METHOD OF RESEARCH

3.1 Research design

The research design related to analyzed of psychological identity that reflected in literary work. This research is literary research that takes a psychological approach. Ratna (2019) stated that there are three main connections between psychology and literature. Such as, identify the psyche characteristics of fictitious characters in literary works, identify the psyche elements of the author as a writer of literary works, and identify the psyche characteristics of literary readers. The data source of this research is taken from literary work, that are then analyzed using psychological theory conceptualized by Jung. The purpose of this research is to deeply understand the features, aspects, and behavioral patterns of fictional characters found in literary works, rather than to solve real psychiatric disorders. however, this research does not imply that is completely unrelated to the requirements of the society. Literary works present a distorted picture of society. by understanding the characters

the research method is a qualitative method with documentation method research as collecting data and deep interpretation with literature psychoanalysis method as analysis data. According to Ratna (2019) the psychoanalysis begins with a description of the facts, which is followed by an analysis, which includes not only a description but also sufficient comprehension and explanation. Based on explanation, the researcher will conclude that descriptive qualitative analysis

refers to the context analyze, and result of qualitative analysis are determined by researcher.

3.2 Object of the research

The most significant role in doing the research is the purpose of the investigation. The subjects of this research are representation of the shadow, persona, and anima reflected toward the main character and the motives that influence the shadow, persona, and anima of the main character. The character in novel implied and demonstrated shadow, persona, and anima that should be learned. As a result, the Victor Hugo's novel "The man who laughs" is an appropriate data source.

3.3 Method of collecting data.

Data as the main source for researcher to conducting the research. This research uses documentation and non-participation. The method collects textual data from document in this case from the novel "The Man Who Laughs" by Victor Hugo. For the technique, the researcher applies close reading and note-taking technique. Technique of close reading features a detail and carefully reading of literature element and researcher used note taking or quotes techniques for collected the data in this research, because researchers would identify character of Gwynplaine. Data is collected by following these steps: in this case, researcher already read novel "The Man Who Laughs" so that researcher can retrieve data.

1. The researcher would be Making all literary components, whether important and insignificant, relevant to the discussions at the time of reading

2. The researcher would be sorting every data collected in terms of the research object.
3. The researcher would be taking a quote of text related to reflection of the research object.

3.4 Method of analyzing data

After collecting data, the next step is data analysis. In analyzing data, researcher apply the literature psychoanalysis identity method Ratna (2019) literature psychological identity method is a method based on character of Gwynplaine in novel “The Man Who Laughs”. This method uses to analyze the psychological concept found in main character Gwynplaine of novel “The Man Who Laughs”. By the using this method, the researcher wants to analyze the reflection of the behavior of shadow, anima and persona of gwynplaine as the main character in novel The Man Who Laughs by Victor Hugo and the motives of gwynplaine as the main character towards the reflection of behavior of shadow, anima and persona in novel The Man Who Laugh by Victor Hugo by theory Jung (1987). The data analysis technique used in this research is latent content analysis technique. Ratna (2019) state that data analysis techniques using latent content analysis will produce meaning and meaning contained in the data. At this stage the researcher collects data and examines data sources that are relevant to the research objective, namely, to obtain data which is then used in analyzing the research object. These are several procedures performed by researcher in analyze data.

1. The researcher would be describing the reflection of the behavior of shadow, anima and persona of Gwynplaine as the main character in novel *The Man Who Laughs* by Victor Hugo used theory Jung.
2. The researcher would be describing the motives of Gwynplaine as the main character towards the behavior of shadow, anima and persona in novel *The Man Who Laugh* by Victor Hugo used theory Jung.
3. The researcher would identify conclusions based on the analyzed data.

3.5 Method of presenting the research result

After analyzing of data, the next step researcher will present the results of the research. The researcher will apply a method called narrative text (Huberman & Miles, 2002) postulated the importance of this method in qualitative research design by embedding quotation and narrative description. In other words, the organization starts with quotation and the description of quotation. For quotation, it serves as the words, sentences or paragraph evidence derived in novel “*The Man Who Laughs*”. For description, it informs how are the shadow, anima and persona reflected in main character’s behavior of novel “*The man who laughs*” by Victor Hugo and What are motives of reflection the shadow, anima and persona toward behavior main character of novel “*The man who laughs*” by Victor Hugo. In short, the first researcher will appear the data after that explaining the data. Finally, these are creating questions and answer according to data analyze to be presenting.