

CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION

5.1 Conclusion

Everyone uses language as a means of communication in everyday life. The use of appropriate communication in social circumstances is referred to as pragmatic language. In speech acts theory, illocutionary suppression happens when the hearer fails to perceive the speaker's illocutionary goals, the hearer does not understand what the speaker is attempting to accomplish with her words, and therefore the speech act fails. The “Never Have I ever” TV series used in this study found many of future action uttered by the characters. The first question of this research is the acts of illocutionary speech acts applied. In addition, this study concluded the acts of commissives illocutionary speech acts that appear in the TV series. The acts found in TV series are commit, promise, swear, threaten, vow, accept, consent, refusal, offer, assure, contract, and bet.

The second question of this research was the forms of sentences. Forms found in the movie are declarative, imperative, and interrogative. This forms mostly use interrogative forms, because in the TV series the characters because, in this TV series there were many questions that must be conveyed by the characters shown in their utterances. Given that this study is about forms, it demonstrated the significance of pragmatics in daily life. That is, from the form of the sentence shown by the speaker or hearer, the researcher may already understand the answer from the speaker or hearer. It can help the characters communicate clearly with questions and statements or grab attention with a command.

5.2 Recommendation

As soon as the study is conducted, the researcher encompasses suggestions to those who will use the equivalent research, notably pragmatics. More research is required on the notion commissive illocutionary speech actions' application towards communication in society, particularly in the English-speaking population. This is due to the fact that English is broadly spoken around the world and has established itself as an international language therefore an understanding of English is needed, this is attributed to the rationale that English is broadly applied around the universe and has expanded become an international language, demanding an understanding of the language, notably when recognizing implied meaning from someone.

The communication context had an impact on the research's findings when commissive illocutionary speech acts were used, because distinct dialogue contexts provide different categorizes of meaning and understanding. Moreover, to minimize plagiarism, the researcher anticipates that other researchers would utilize distinct study objects.