

## **CHAPTER III**

### **RESEARCH METODOLOGY**

#### **3.1 Research Design**

Considering how the research was observed, the researcher used the descriptive qualitative method in this study. Mertens (2009) explained that the qualitative method is a positioned exercise in which the observer is situated in the world. In addition, Miles and Huberman (2014) said that the qualitative method is accomplished concretely manner with individuals involved to investigate the ordinary or extraordinary life of a person, population, customs, and entities. Flick (2014) added that the qualitative method involves adding more interpretations to the data in order to increase its scope. The data of this research were categorized into sentences, phrase, words, and utterances. Moreover, Creswell (2013) confirmed that the qualitative method is a method for investigating and comprehending the significance that individuals ascribe to a social or human problem, this study's content is divided into words, phrases, sentences, and paragraphs.

The data in this research was in the form of utterances used in the “Marry Me” movie supposed this research used qualitative method. Furthermore, this research used a qualitative method to identify the acts and functions the of commissive illocutionary speech act that used in “Marry Me” movie. And this research presented the result in a descriptive way concerning “An Analysis of Commissive Illocutionary Speech Act in “Marry Me” Movie 2022.

### **3.2 Object of the Research**

This research purpose is to analyze the acts and functions of the commissive illocutionary speech act in *Marry me* movie. The acts and functions of the commissive illocutionary speech act were introduced by Searle and Vanderveken (1985) and Leech (1983) are the object of this research. *Marry me* movie is the data source of this research. This research took the data from utterances that appeared in the movie. Only words that belonged to the acts and functions of commissive illocutionary speech act in the movie was taken as the data for this research.

### **3.3 Method of Collecting Data**

This research used observational method to collect the data. According to Sudaryanto (2015), observational method is when a researcher observes and records human behavior and activity by the way to use language. In this research, the data is in a form of utterance and words. So, this research used observational method to collect the data. As pragmatic research, this research requires utterances as the data. In applying the observational method, the researcher collected the data by using the sense of sight, hearing, and feeling. The sense of sight was involved in capturing the context which was seen in the movie. The contexts which were in the movie appeared spontaneously. Then, sense of hearing was involved to note the script which shown the utterances of the characters. The researcher listened to the conversation several times to get the valid data. Next, the conversations were transcribed. The researcher highlighted the utterances by coding them with underlining and numbers. Last, sense of feeling of the researcher was involved in the context to feel the situation in the movie.

According to Merriam (2009), note taking is one of the observational methods. Note taking is the method of recording data by collecting items in the form of words. So, this research used note-taking technique to find out the acts and functions of commissive illocutionary speech act in “Marry Me” movie. The first step to collect the data, the researcher watched the movie until the end. And then, the researcher rewatched the movie while writing the utterance into written text. The third is, the researcher took a note of acts and functions of commissive illocutionary speech act that was found in the written text. And the last is, the researcher arranged into the acts and functions of commissive illocutionary speech act based on (Searle & Vanderveken, 1985) and Leech (1983) theories.

#### **3.4 Method of Analyzing Data**

After finished in collecting the data, the researcher started to analyze the data based on Sudaryanto (2015) theory about pragmatic identity. Then, the researcher adapted the theory of Searle and Vanderveken (1985) about the acts and the theory of Leech (1983) about the functions of commissive illocutionary speech act with pragmatic identity theory. For the step of analyzing the data, the researcher started by applying the context of the utterance, because it establishes inferred meaning and concentrated on utterances that indicated to the acts and functions of commissive illocutionary speech act.

The researcher highlights the data that has been identified by giving colors. The researcher gave green for the analyzed data and grey color for the un-analyzed data each acts and function of commissive illocutionary speech act. Last, the analysis of data based on the theories of Searle and Vanderveken (1985) & Leech

(1983) to determine the acts and functions of commissive illocutionary speech act was described in the finding section.

### **3.5 Presenting Research Result Method**

After finished in analyzing the data, present the result of the analysis is the last step in this research. First, the data was categorized into acts and functions of commissive illocutionary speech act. Descriptive narrative method was used in this research. According to Taylor et al., (2016), descriptive narrative has a similarity with the stories in a paragraph. This research results were presented descriptively. Utterances and words were used for presenting the analysis results. The reason of using this method was to give a convenience for the reader to read and understand the research results.