CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION

5.1 Conclusion

The main conclusions drawn from the research analysis and findings related to the types and functions of expressive speech acts that appear in the movie "Venom Let There Be Carnage". The first conclusion from the results of the analysis, there are 10 types of expressive speech acts found in the film "Venom Let There Be Carnage", the ten types include Thank, Apologize, Congratulate, Complain, Protest, deplore, Boast, Compliment, Praise and Greet. The most common type of expressive speech act that appears in the film "Venom Let There Be Carnage" is the type of apologizing. This type is found a lot because in this film the speaker expresses his regret his guilt for having done bad things to others by saying sorry.

The second conclusion, there are 6 functions of expressive speech acts that appear in the movie "Venom Let There Be Carnage", there are showing gratitude, showing regret, showing appreciation, showing praise, showing acceptance, and showing complain. From the results obtained, the functions of showing regret and showing complaint are the most commonly found data in this formulation. because in the film the characters often express their guilt for the bad things that have been done. It is a function of expressive speech act showing regret and then there is a lot

of debate because of dissatisfied or disturbing attitudes and behavior from each charakter, so they use the function of expressive speech acts to showing complaint.

5.2 Recommendations

This research contains recommendations for those who will carry out the same research or for knowledge for readers. For readers, this research can add to knowledge about Linguistics, especially in the field of pragmatics. Speech act analysis has many advantages. Readers can know the interactions of people who communicate with each other. Readers can know how language works and how to express it well. The author wants students to become experts in linguistics, especially expressive speech acts, and become good communicators.

Apart from that, this researcher is also expected to be useful for further research. The results of this study indicate that the use of expressive illocutionary acts is influenced by the context of communication. Because different communication contexts produce different meanings and understandings, future researchers are expected to explore this matter. Finally, the writer suggests that future researchers who analyze expressive speech acts should use an in-depth methodology and read many books on expressive speech acts. That way, future researchers can develop research related to expressive speech acts.