CHAPTER II

REVIEW OF RELATED LITERATURE AND THEORETICAL FRAMEWORK

2.1. Psychological Approach

In analysing a novel for a thesis, especially for English literature, the researcher must use theory as an approach. The theory itself has a function to support the research. When the readers read the research, they believed that the research had strength. Furthermore, without using theory the readers will doubt whether the research has basis to believe or no.

In literary of work, there were many kinds of theory which used to analyse psychology. One of the famous expert was Freud (1923) said that human had three component which could not separate from human mind: id, ego, superego. Then Insenman (2018) cited from Jung theory, he also regarded the psyche as made up of a number of separate but has interacting systems. He said that there were three main ideas were the ego, the personal unconscious, and the collective unconscious. Insenman also added that Jung theory about archetype which consists of persona (mask), anima and shadow.

The famous expert from America that called as a father of spiritual and humanistic psychology based on Moss (2011) in the web journal was Abraham Maslow. He said the theory by Maslow with the concept of hierarchy of need to be popular because could apply in human life. Maslow was a motivator theory in psychology of five levels of human needs. Here, the researcher used Maslow theory to support the research. The researcher used this theory as the approach. According to the researcher, hierarchy of need is available to analyse Frank's character in the novel "*Catch Me If You Can*" because in the novel found some problem that related with the esteem needs.

According to Maslow (1954) human needs could arrange themselves in hierarchies of pre-potency. Human would continue their live to complete the need that usually appear in their mind. The need also treated if they were isolated or discrete and every condition that drive human mind, it would relate with the satisfaction and dissatisfaction of other drives. From the explanation above it means that human need related to hierarchy of need as the unit that could not separate from human circle live. Maslow (2012) considered one of the famous leading architects of humanistic psychology proposed a hierarchy of needs into five categories: starts with the basic need were physiological needs, safety needs, belongingness and love, esteem needs, and until the highest levels selfactualization. Thus, all concepts could apply into human life to fulfil their needs. The details explanation below about five hierarchies of needs:

2.1.1. Hierarchy of Needs by Abraham Maslow

Abraham Maslow was a father of spiritual and humanistic psychology that proposed the hierarchy of need. The theory that developed by Maslow and also one of the famous theory like other experts such as Sigmund Freud and Carl Jung. The concept of Maslow theory in hierarchy of needs often portrayed in the shape of pyramid.

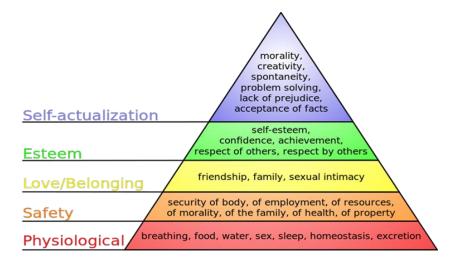


Figure 1: Pyramid of Hierarchy of Needs by Abraham Maslow

The first stage described about basic need in human nature. The basic need should has a strong foundation for human to continue their live. Maslow described them as pyramid, the base stage included of physiological needs and self-actualization needs at the top stages. Because of Maslow had arranged hierarchy of need from the lowest to the highest needs. The hierarchy of need that formulated by Maslow has five stages. All the stages had a different function based on human needs.

The five stages in hierarchy of need concluded physiological needs, safety needs, love and belonging, esteem needs, and until the highest level selfactualization. From the stage above, Maslow wanted to know and understand what something that could motivate people. He believed that human always has a motivation to drive them to get fulfil the needs in conscious or unconscious desires. He stated that human would be motivated to achieve certain needs. When one need was fulfil, a person will continue to find the next one, and so on. Maslow suggested that the basic stage of needs should be fulfil before the individual would be more strongly desire or more focus to drive the motivation upon the secondary or higher stages needs.

According to Walborn (2014) the individual must be get the satisfy in the basic stage needs before continue to meet the highest need. Once these needs had been reasonably satisfied, one may be able to reach the highest-level called self-actualization. So based on the explanation above the individual must complete their need start from the low basic need till the high level need to get fill satisfied feeling.

Every person had ability and had the desire to raise up the hierarchy toward the level of self-actualization. Unfortunately, the problems usually often disturb individual progress to get the achievement. Individual often failed to fulfilled lower level needs. Usually one of problem that can give great influence to individual fail to fulfilled needs included as jobless, divorce, and financial. Maslow had been note that only one person in a hundred of people become fully the self-actualized because individual often fail to get the rewards and motivation from someone then individual sometimes lose esteem, love and other social needs.

Based on Maslow's theory, it means that every people want their needs are completed but to fulfil the needs, human must to survive in their live to get the high level that called as self- actualization. During human completed the need, people were found the problem as the challenge for them and all of should survive, fight and never give up to achieve the self- actualization. Furthermore, the researcher discussed the hierarchy of needs detail as follow.

2.1.1.1 Physiological Needs

The first level in hierarchy of needs is physiological needs. As part of basic of human needs, this need will be very influential for human beings to continue their lives. They were the literal requirement for the first step that human survival. For the basic needs in hierarchy, every individual need must complete because if not complete the human body simply cannot continue. According to Maslow (2012) the first and most basic need for survival included were food to eat, water to drink, breathing, sex, sleep, home. All the basic needs must complete in human live. If the physiological need missed, it would be the problem for them. The need for physiology was the most important thing. Someone who lacks food, security, relationships, and confidence, would want more food than any other need. From the explanation above, it means that physiological needs were the most important things level in human needs because people could not continue their live if not fulfilled this need. They will die if did not eat, drink etc. So people had to fulfil this need in any way to meet the needs for the next.

2.1.1.2 Safety Needs

The second needs are safety and security. Before individual completes the physiological needs, they should be fulfilled the first need exactly. According to Maslow (2012) safety was the feeling of people when they know no harm will befall them, physically, mentally, or emotionally. The security was feeling of people when they felt a fear and anxieties were low. So it can be concluded that based on the explanation above, people will make some effort to fulfil their need

after the physiological needs have been fulfilled. In addition, they will do something to get feel safety and security.

2.1.1.3 Belongingness and Love Needs

The third need after the physiological and safety needs had been fulfil. The individual could be motivated themselves to represent at higher levels of the pyramid. Such as Maslow theory, the third levels in the pyramid were needs associated with love and belonging. According to Maslow (2012) people usually had their destination for get love and it will be dominant. People were very sensitive to solitude, seclusion, rejected by the environment and lost friends or lost love. This need would important throughout life. Furthermore, Maslow emphasized that love needs by everyone to get the happier live.

Maslow liked the formula by Carl Rogerd put forward about love, namely "the situation is understood in depth and accepted wholeheartedly". Maslow said that love involved a healthy and loved relationship between two people included mutual trust. The love needs can be expressed in a variety of ways, such as; friendship, romance, or broader relationships. Through this need, someone seeks recognition, and outpouring the love of others, both parent, siblings, teachers, leaders, friends, classmates, teachers, and other people with whom individuals interact. Satisfactory relationships imply acceptance by others. After individuals had been satisfied with their physiological and security needs, they usually will venture out and seek relationships from which their need for love and belonging can fulfil. Based on the explanation above, it means that individuals will feel satisfied if they get love and belonging.

2.1.1.4 Esteem Needs

All human wanted to get the respected and self- actualization. Based on Maslow (2012) the esteem needs were ego needs or status needs develop a concern with getting recognition, status, importance, and respect from others. All individual needs to feel respected. This includes the need to have self-esteem and self-respect. Esteem presented in human desire to be accepted and valued by others. People often engaged in a profession or hobby to gain recognition. Based on Maslow's theory, this need was divide into two parts, namely the first was the desire for ability, achievement, adequate income, convenience of life, freedom and the right to make your own choice. The second was the desire for reputation and prestige, recognition, attention from others, and appreciation. With the achievement of esteem needs, people will feel satisfied with them, valuable, have advantages, able, useful and needed. While a failure to achieve this needs would lead to feelings of weakness, uselessness, and low self-esteem.

According to Branden (1992) self-esteem was a powerful human need. It was a basic human need that makes an essential contribution to the life process; it was indispensable to normal and healthy development; it had survival value. From the explanation above, self-esteem had a big contribution for human life that could not separate from human need.

2.1.1.5 Self – Actualization Needs

In the fifth stage of the pyramid was self-actualization. When someone has fulfilled the four levels of needs, then someone will try to reach a higher level. These needs was refer to by Maslow as self-actualization needs. At the level of self-actualization, the person's behaviour motivated by conditions different from those at a lower level. This means, at this level, individual differences are the greatest. After all the need met, individuals still often hope that new dissatisfaction and anxiety will soon develop unless the individual does what he wants to do individually. According to Maslow (2012) stated that people will try to achieve goals in their lives and will do anything so they can have an impact on negative behaviour or personality but can also be positive.

According to Goldstein (1940) said that since the tendency to actualize itself as fully as possible is the basic drive in human nature, the drive appear from human desire and give the stimulate to individual doing something. It cleared that the goal of the drive cannot discharge of tension, and individual had to assume only one drive, the drive of self-actualization. From the explanation above self actualization was one of the basic drives in human body that always wanted to drive human to achieve their highest need.

2.2. Previous Research

There were five previous researches that had a related with topic that discussed as a comparison and references. The first journal was written by Aishwarya & Shahrawat (2017) from University of Delhi. The objective of their research was to found out about efforts to develop four famous figures in applied their needs based on Maslow's theory. The result of the research on the four figures which famous in India. They analysed that there was an attempt by the character to achieve the esteem need and self- actualization and the achievement from the four figure getting the glory. Compare to this research, the researcher analysed of esteem need in Frank character. The difference between previous researches used a real object from the history life by Ashoka, Mother Teresa, Aurangzeb, and Genghis khan in India how the figure effort to achieve and fulfil the need until get the high level in hierarchy of need. While the similarity with previous research was used hierarchy of need by Maslow and effort from each character to fill need as a human being. Furthermore, from the journal there was an indication the same aimed which the researcher tried to found out the esteem need in main character and effort to fulfil needs.

The second journal also discussed about Hierarchy of Need. The international journal was written by Aruma & Enwuvesi (2017) from University of Port Harcourt. The journal focused on developing needs in community. He used Maslow's theory as the basic way to see that human need steps by steps to achieve all individual need. He want to know that human can develop their ability to fulfil the assessment of needs. The researcher compared with previous research that there were similarities with previous research. The similarities were Maslow theory as an idea that supports research and the effort how people fulfilled all they needs. The difference was that the object of previous research used original characters in life, while this research used the main characters in the novel who were trying to get his esteem need. From the journal, it concluded that there was relationship with this research. So it can be a reference to researcher using Maslow's theory in achieving needs based on the level in hierarchy.

The third journal was written by Fanaj (2015). In this journal, Fanaj told about self- esteem in Kosovo students in Serbia school who had a problem psychology in student body. The researcher compared with this research, the researcher analysed esteem need in the main character. This international journal had a relationship with the researcher thesis. Both of this case told about esteem need in people as study case but the differences the journal analysis the real people directly as the data. The similarities related to the journal, the researcher used Maslow theory as an approach.

Fourth, journal was written by Putri & Megah (2017). The objective of the journal study was to describe about the esteem need. They analysed the esteem need in Margaret Tate's life used the term of psychology self- esteem theory by Maslow. The journal told that Margaret as a professionally women that need respected from New York publishing house where is she work. The researcher compared the thesis with the previous research. Here, there were some similarities such as used the Maslow theory and the object of the research. The difference between previous researches was the novel. The researcher analysed "*Catch Me If You Can*" Novel by Frank to fulfil the esteem need and the previous research used Margaret Tate's on the proposal movie to show the esteem need. From previous research above, it concluded that there was a relationship with this research. It can be a reference to the used of Maslow's theory in achieving needs based on the level.

Fifth, the journal was written by Freitas & Leonard (2011). The journal study analyzed the relationships between the fulfil needs and student success by looking at the attribute their using. The researcher identified categories of "physiological" and "psychosocial" needs as the important point to find needs and

the correlation an ability for getting success in hierarchy of needs. The researcher use the student participants for analyzing the data. Compared to this research, the researcher analyzed esteem needs using novel as the object. The similarities such as used the Maslow theory and the object of the research that included the ability to meet students need. In research analysis, researcher told the esteem needs in Frank character included an ability or skill. How Frank developed his skill until achieve the successful in carrier. The difference between previous researches was only in effort to meet the needs between student participants and Frank character in the novel. From previous research above, it concluded that there was a relationship with this research related esteem needs and it can be a reference to use of Maslow's theory in achieving needs based on the level.

Sixth, the journal was written by Vanti & Sulistyorini (2013) from Dian Nuswantoro University. The objective of the journal was to describe the self-esteem. From the explanation above, these previous research had explained about esteem need in hierarchy of need by Maslow. Therefore, this research gave a good contribution and brought idea to the researcher about esteem need. Although those previous research used the same theory, but there were some differences with the researcher. In this research, the researcher attempt to analysis Esteem Needs of the Main Character in the Novel "*Catch Me If You Can*" by Frank Jr. This novel was comedian action criminal genre that available to make an analysis.

Seventh, the journal was written by Neubauer & Martskvishvili (2018). The journal aimed to find the relationship between creativity and intelligent of students. The journal used concept hierarchy of needs by Maslow to find the relation between how student fulfill their need using intelligent and creativity. Based on this research journal, intelligent has a big stronger to pint of lower need which include the depression or frustration and satisfaction because of human adaptation whereas creativity is the point in hierarchy that correctly has positive with higher levels self esteem and self Actualization. This journal used participant for find problem in research. Different with previous research, the researcher used novel to analyze the esteem need in Frank character. The similarities was analyzed using Maslow concept hierarchy of needs.

2.3. Theoretical Framework

Theoretical framework of this research is illustrated below.

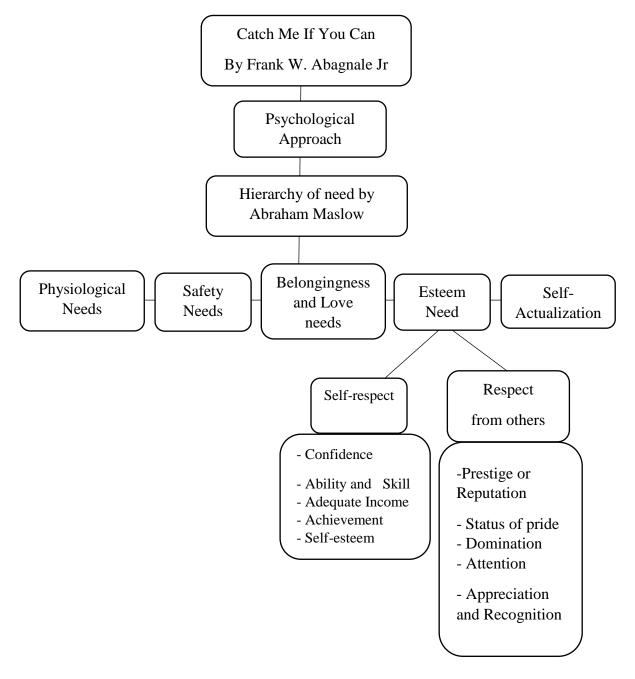


Figure 2.3. Theoretical Framework

Theoretical framework in this research begins with the novel "*Catch Me If You Can*" by Frank W. Abagnale. In this novel, the researcher analysis esteem needs in this novel by using psychological approach proposed by Abraham Maslow theory. The researcher focused to analysis the esteem need in the main character and find how the main character efforts himself to get appreciate to fill his esteem needs. As from the cart above, esteem needs divided into two categories first, self-respect and the second, respect form others.