

**ANALYSIS OF SIGN BY H. G. WELLS “THE ISLAND  
OF DR. MOREAU” NOVEL: SEMIOTICS APPROACH**

**THESIS**



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2021**

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**Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for the Degree of  
Sarjana Sastra**



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**Kicki Herdayanti**

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**The term paper has been examined on the date as indicated below**

**Batam, 23 July 2021**

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'RCS' or similar, written in a stylized, cursive-like font.

**Robby Satria, S.S., M.Hum.**

**SUPERVISOR**

## ABSTRAK

*Tanda merupakan suatu bentuk peristiwa, benda, atau segala macam yang merujuk pada suatu tujuan dan dipahami oleh orang yang dirujuk. Dalam penelitian ini, peneliti menganalisa tanda yang muncul dalam sebuah novel. Biasanya tanda merupakan suatu hal yang sering muncul pada sebuah cerita dan memiliki makna dibaliknya. Penelitian ini menggunakan novel karya H. G. Wells berjudul “The Island of Doctor Moreau” 1896. Peneliti berfokus untuk mengklasifikasikan tanda berdasarkan tipe tanda yaitu ikon, index dan simbol kemudian menganalisa makna yang terkandung dibalik tanda itu. Peneliti membuat penelitian ini dengan menggunakan theory semiotika dari Charles S. Peirce. Peneliti menggunakan metode deskriptif kualitatif untuk mendeskripsikan tanda. Pada hasil penelitian ini, peneliti menemukan tanda berdasarkan tipenya, yaitu tiga tipe ikon, satu tipe index dan tiga tipe simbol.*

**Kata Kunci: Semiotika, ikon, index, simbol**

## ABSTRACT

A sign is a form of event, object, or all sorts that refers to a thing and is understood by the person referred to. In this study, the researcher analyzes the signs that appear in a novel. Usually a sign is something that often appears in a story and has a meaning behind it. This study uses a novel by H. G. Wells entitled "*The Island of Doctor Moreau*" 1896. The researcher focuses on classifying signs based on the type of sign, namely icons, indexes and symbols and then analyzing the meaning behind the sign. The researcher made this research using the semiotic theory of Charles S. Peirce. The researcher used descriptive qualitative method to describe the sign. In the results of this study, researchers found signs based on their type, namely three types of icons, one type of index and three types of symbols.

**Keywords: Semiotics, icon, index, symbol**

## **MOTTO AND DEDICATION**

### **MOTTO**

Feel the fear and do it anyways

**Tamara Mellon**

### **DEDICATION**

This thesis is proudly dedicated to my beloved mother and father

This also dedicated to my love grandmother and my young brother and sister

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Kicki Herdayanti

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# CHAPTER I

## INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Background of the Study

Literary works are works of art resulting from one's creativity based on life and imagination. One of literary work is a novel. Novel is a form of literary work that can be analyzed. One of the interesting things to analyze a novel is a sign. Sign is artistic gadget that contains of significance, frequently covered from the start of sight, and is illustrative of a few different angles, ideas or qualities than those that are noticeable in the exacting interpretation alone (Cambridge dictionaries online, 2020). There are many signs, icons and symbols in novels, movies or around us that people do not know that they can be analyzed. Ordinary people do not realize that sometimes what is right next to them is a sign. Usually people analyze signs such as icons and symbols with different meanings depending on the analyzer. The use of a sign in a novel is one way to make readers feel curious about the meaning behind it. Each reader has their own view of a reading or sign itself. However, not everyone understands meaning of sign in a novel. Every reader has different point of view and opinion through the novel. It was not even just in novel, through the daily also have symbols like when we see someone with the all black clothes, it can be a sign of mourning.

In Canada, everyone performs a ceremony as a token of appreciation for those who die on the battlefield. This ceremony is usually held every 11 November at 11. Many lives were killed on the battlefield accompanied by falling poppies. The flower was very bright red and fell mixed with the blood of the fallen soldiers. Then the blooming poppies symbolized the death of the British Heroes during the First World War. Then someone wrote the discrepancy about the poppies that grew so much when so many people died of the war and it was published as one of the most popular war poems. Therefore, poppies are a sign that the dead will not be forgotten. Then poppies were officially used as Flower of Remembrance on July 5, 1921 in English. This quoted by (Montgomery, 2020)

On the other hand, since the virus that attacks humans in the world, every country requires its citizens to stay indoors. This is intended to prevent the spread of a virus that could claim a person's life. One country that requires residents to remain at home is Europe. This has been done since March 2020. Since then, the children have painted a picture of a rainbow. Then the picture is pasted on the window or door of their house. In art and culture, rainbows are also a sign of a better future. Therefore, the rainbow is a symbol of hope. With the hope that tomorrow's events will get better soon. But not only that, the rainbow also has other meanings, it can be life, spirituality, harmony, promises and others. This phenomenon is quoted from (Vince, 2020)

Robingah, 2020 conducted research related to semiotic with the title “Pierce’s Semiotics Analysis on Benny’s Cartoons Related to Covid 19 Issues”. In this journal, he used Benny’s Cartoons as the object of the research. The author wanted to find out what are sign that can he found inside this cartoon related to the corona virus issues. Then he used qualitative method in this research. This research used theory departed from Pierce. The final result from this research, the author got the information about the situation and acknowledge about the matter, the poop, and policies provided by the government regarding deployment corona virus.

Another literature review is a study entitled "*An Analysis of Symbolic Images in The Scarlet Letter*" which was examined by (Gao, 2018). In his writings, he is interested in knowing the symbol techniques used in this novel. He revealed the symbolism and its effects on the scarlet letter story. The symbolic images he can find in the novel are in three aspects, namely, treatment, color, and time. By knowing more the symbols, it can make the reader have a different understanding while seeing the symbols.

Based on two literary reviews above, there are some similarity and differences. The first literature review is about to find out symbol and theme inside the novel *The Old Man and The Sea*. It used some theory to analysis. In the second literature review, it is about to know the symbolic technique that contained in novel *The Scarlett Letter*. It is also to find out the symbolic image in the novel like three aspects; treatment, color, and

time. From two literary research, the researcher wanted to find out symbolism in novel *The Island of Dr. Moreau* by H.G Wells using semiotic theory by Pierce.

“The following narrative was found among his papers by the undersigned, his nephew and heir” (Wells, 2004 p.7). The quote above is from the introduction inside the novel. It stated that this story is a type of a gothic literature. The story had specific information through the date and geographies conditions, which meant it was fantastic tale.

Almost all novels have signs that the reader can sometimes see and understand. Usually these signs can be in the form of a word, place, object, or even things that often appear and also nature. A sign if you can understand it well, you will get your own understanding of the story because people's understanding of signs is different. One of the interesting novel to analyze sign is novel *The Island of Dr. Moreau* by H.G Wells, published in 1896. This novel is about doctor Moreau, a biologist who conducted a very cruel and strange experiment on animals. In this novel, the author accentuates the story with the existence of sign that forms a unity of story. This makes the reader want to know type of sign and the meaning behind sign are contained in this novel.

This novel tells when Lady Vain's ship sank beside the Pacific because it collided with another ship. In the ship there was a passenger named Edward Prendick. At the time, he suspected that his uncle had died because of the ship's collision. However,

Prendick escaped the wreck with a small boat, which was rescued by a schooner (Ipecacuanha). At that time there was a passenger, a doctor named Montgomery, who carried an animal load on a small, anonymous island.

When landing on an island with Montgomery, a scientist named doctor Moreau and some strange people. One of them was a man with a black face and feathered ears. Prendick recalls that a man named Moreau who had driven out of England a few years earlier for cruel surgery. When he explored the island, he found strange creatures that looked like humans but also like animals. He assumed that Montgomery and Moreau were looking for humans and turning them into animals. From then on, he thought they would do that to him to make him run away the next day.

Based on the story in novel *The island of Dr. Moreau* the researcher saw the story related to the sign. The sign usually found from the beginning of the story until the end. Therefore, the writer wants to know about the type of sign can found in the story and the meaning behind sign. The researcher is interested in finding out the type of sign that contained in the novel and the researcher wants to know what the meaning behind sign are contained in the novel.

## **1.2 Identification of the Problem**

1. The lack of understanding of people in seeing sign
2. The uncertainty meaning of a sign that is considered true by society

3. The types of sign found in the novel *The Island of Dr. Moreau* by H.G Wells
4. The meanings behind the sign in the novel *The Island of Dr. Moreau* by H.G Wells

### **1.3 Limitation of the Problems**

1. The types of sign are found in the novel *The Island of Dr. Moreau* by H.G Wells
2. The meanings behind the sign in the novel *The Island of Dr. Moreau* by H.G Wells

### **1.4 Formulation of the Problem**

1. What are types of sign that found in the novel *The Island of Dr. Moreau* by H.G Wells?
2. What are the meanings behind the sign in the novel *The Island of Dr. Moreau* by H.G Wells?

### **1.5 Objective of the Research**

1. To know the types of sign are found in the novel *The Island of Dr. Moreau* by H.G Wells
2. To know the meanings behind the sign in the novel *The Island of Dr. Moreau* by H.G Wells

## **1.6 Significant of Problem**

This study is significant to conduct because by analyzing that novel, the reader can learn and realize the sign through the literary work.

### **1. Theoretically**

This study related to the enrichment of literary knowledge, especially to know more about semiotics. The writer aims to enrich the theoretically based on literary studies. Especially to some students of English Literature who are interested to know about sign and analyzed novel by H. G. Wells.

### **2. Practically**

Learning semiotics, make us learn about communication. The study is expected to be useful for many literary researchers to know about sign and their meaning behind and also the theory of semiotic in novel. In other way, the researcher hope that the participant who will be encourage to take knowledge and values of the story and also got new education from this proposal.

## **1.7 Definition of Key Term**

Novel: A novel is a long form of fiction and there is a series of life stories that occur with the people around them and novels make different character characters. Usually a novel is made by someone based on the imagination and facts that happen to the story writer or people

around the author. In a novel, there are intrinsic elements, such as plot, characteristics, settings and themes. The intrinsic element can make a story a great whole (Wellek & Warren, 1954).

**Sign:** Signs are things that are often found around and have their own meaning. The meaning can be different depending on how a person interprets the sign itself. Signs are also a form of media to communicate and convey messages. Signs can be in the form of intentional or accidental. For example, it seems like when you feel hungry your stomach accidentally makes a growling sound, it is a sign that you are hungry and need to eat (Chandler, 2007).

**Semiotic:** Semiotics is a study that studies sign. Semiotics also learn about the sign process which is called semiosis. Semiotics can be in the form of symbolism, allegory, metaphor, analogy and etc. because semiotics is an indirect form of communication. Semiotics is a form of how you know the meaning behind the sign you get and the process is how you categorize the sign (Chandler, 2007)

## **CHAPTER II**

### **RIVIEW OF RELATED LITERATURES AND THEORITICAL FRAMEWORK**

#### **2.1 Semiotics**

Semiotics is one of theory that used to analysis symbols. Semiotics is usually used to analyze a sign. Semiotics derived from Greek which had meant a sign (Danesi, 2004). Semiotics is the study that focuses on signs and the function which use in communication (Nordquist, 2020). Departing from a semiotic expert, Roland Barthes, he declared that semiology has the purpose to find out about the signs such as images, sounds, music, objects and others. Barthes claimed semiology as part of linguistics. In his knowledge, Barthes classified signs according to the level of meaning (Barthes, 1964). There are two levels of meaning according to Barthes, namely denotative and connotative. It also divides the two differences between signs, verbal and non-verbs (Barthes & Code, 2002). Semiology according to (Barthes, 1964), denotation and connotation are two levels used to find meaning from language. Denotation is the first level which is a perspective that interprets language with meaning. While connotation is a second-level system that has another meaning in a language that is explained indirectly. Through his expression, Barthes argues that semiology is a language system that has levels in it.

Another pioneers were experts in the field of semiotic: Ferdinand de Saussure and Charles S. Peirce. Saussure is better known as the father of modern linguistics which used the term semiology. He came from Europe. While Peirce is a philosopher using the term semiotics and also comes from the American continent. Although it has nothing to do with it, they both put forward a theory, namely semiology and semiotics. In (Duignan, 2020), Saussure has distinguished semiotics into two type; the signifier and the signified. The signifier refers to the something shapes as a sign and the signified is the concept of the sign that represents (Chandler, 2007).

Peirce is a philosopher and logician from the United States. Peirce expressed that something can be called a sign. In his theory, peirce signified triadic meaning. It had three parts to classify it. There are representament, interpretant and object. Representament usually called as a sign. The sign represented something. Something that is represented by a sign is called an object. So the object is a reference. Then there is interpretant, interpretant is a form of interpretation or understanding of the meaning of signs and objects (Chandler, 2007). This process is called semiosis. Semiosis is the process of a sign into something that can be marked (Nordquist, 2020).

This study used a semiotic approach to analyze signs. Researchers used Peirce's theory. The use of peirce theory was very helpful for researchers to find out the type of sign and the meaning behind the sign. Semiotic is one of the studies that use to understand about sign comprehensive. This becomes very interesting because

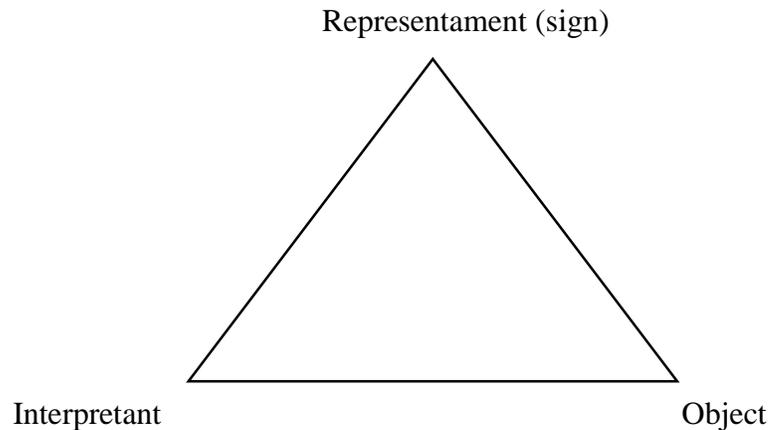
researchers could distinguish the types of signs and their meanings in a novel. In this research, the researcher will use the novel as the object of this research. Researchers used a novel entitled *The Island of Dr. Moreau* (1870) by H. G. Wells.

### **2.1.1 Pierce's Triadic Model of Sign**

One of the semiotics experts, Charles Sanders Pierce, explains about the mark in his book. He made a different way to find out the meaning behind the sign he found. The sign itself is not only in the form of pictures, but also in the form of movements, words, ideas and others. To find out the meaning behind the sign, he classified the sign division into 3 models. Usually he calls it the triadic model of sign, namely the representament, object and interpretant.

In this model, he categorizes again into three parts. Each part has a different meaning. So representament or sign is something that represents something else. The object is something that the sign is referring to. Interpretation is the result of interpretation. So the sign and object relationship produces an interpretation. The triadic model of sign can be seen by looking the picture.

This is the picture of triadic model of sign by Charles S. Pierce:



*Figure 1. Triadic Model of Sign*

### **2.1.1.1 Representament**

Representament is also a sign. According to Peirce, the sign can be divided into three more parts, namely qualisign, sinsign and legisign. Each of these signs is of a different type:

#### **2.1.1.1.1. Qualisign**

Qualisign is a sign that is attached to a quality and is based on the characteristics of the sign. In qualisign we define the mark by its quality. Examples such as saying or saying. One can say loud, soft, and weak and they all have a mark behind them. For example, in words such as when we hear dad speak in a slightly high tone, it can conclude that dad is angry. This can be interpreted as qualisign. Another example that is seen by nature is white. White will be a sign and have various meanings, it can be said to be holy, clean other funds.

#### **2.1.1.1.2. Sinsign**

Sinsign is a sign that is basically seen in real. So sinsign is a real sign that comes from living things. For example, when you hear the sound of a rooster crowing, it can indicate that it is morning. The sound of crying babies, surely everyone will have different thoughts, they can just think that the baby is hungry or he is feeling uncomfortable, she cries because her diaper is wet, feels sick and so on.

#### **2.1.1.1.3. Legisign**

Legisign is a sign that is made as a rule that must be obeyed and applies to the public or as a code. Usually the legisign are signs that are more widely recognized by others. Because usually it is a sign of command that is understood without using words. For example, when someone nods their head, it can indicate yes or approval. Shaking your head, it indicates no or refusal. Zebra cross is also included as a sign that is agreed upon and known by the community, zebra cross indicates a place to cross the road. The simplest example and is known by all corners of the place, namely, traffic signs. Traffic signs have three colors and each color has a different meaning. The red light indicates that road users must stop, the yellow light indicates that road users must be careful and the green light indicates that road users are allowed to pass through the road.

### **2.1.1.2 Object**

An object is something that is a reference for a sign. Peirce mentions that there are three objects in a sign:

#### **2.1.1.2.1. Icon**

Icon is a sign that has a similar shape to the original object. The icon directly resembles the object. It shared tangible qualities of the object. Icon is not only a picture which is simplified but each image that represents the object being represented. Icons don't need agreement to make sense of them. Example of the icon is; a painting of a pipe is an icon representing a pipe, a map of London is an icon representing a London.

#### **2.1.1.2.2. Index**

Index is an implied association with the object. The sign and the object are connected in a logical way like a causal relationship. Examples of an index are; a growling stomach indicates hunger, sunglasses and a white cane indicate blindness and the smell of the smoke indicates a nearby fire. Another example from index, there are heavy ants with sugar, dialect in the language can be understood as a sign that someone comes from a certain region such as Javanese dialect, English from America or British style).

#### **2.1.1.2.3. Symbol**

Symbol is a sign that related to the signified and the signifier. It is something, which is referring to the symbolized through the sign that agree from the mark in

general. It can take example from sign that usually used in daily life. It is sign from the traffic light. The sign on the traffic light is an example that has been agreed upon in general society. The rose is a common symbol and has been agreed upon by the community with the meaning of love, romantic, broken heart, etc.

### **2.1.1.3 Interpretant**

According to (Chandler, 2007), there are three types of interpretation. These interpretations are usually sorted according to the steps of the sign and its object.

#### **2.1.1.3.1. Rheme**

Rheme is an interpretation that has high possibilities, so that it can be interpreted again. This sign will enable someone to interpret the sign based on what he wants to interpret. So it can be said that this rheme includes how people assume something. An example in everyday life that is often encountered, when we see someone with red eyes. There will be many meanings, but in the rheme, an interpreter can make his choice. Red eyes can mean someone who has just woken up, has a sore or eye infection, or someone has just cried. So many signs allow interpreters to interpret.

### **2.1.1.3.2. Dicient Sign**

The dicient sign is a sign that is in accordance with existing facts. These markers provide information on the markers based on reality. For example, when there is a road that is very prone to accidents, then the area around it will be fitted with careful hair. Other examples include, when there is an accident that has just happened, the police will put up a marker that there is an accident that occurred on the road. Not only on the streets, another example of an incident that has just happened at a place, usually will the police provide a police line to signal that the police are sometimes carrying out an investigation into the incident.

### **2.1.1.3.3. Argument**

Argument is a sign that gives a specific reason for something. This indicates that this sign can be seen directly and has a clear reason behind the marker. For example, when there is a prohibition to play cellphones at gas stations, the sign is made for reasons. The reason for prohibiting playing cellphones at gas stations is because the electromagnetic waves emitted by cellphones will affect the performance of the fuel pump electric engine. Another example is when someone says "narrow", someone says narrow certainly has a reason why he says narrow. The person said narrow because he considered that the room was fit to be said to be narrow or the room was indeed narrow. Therefore, arguments are signs that state reason and truth.

The triadic sign models are related to each other. If the object is found as an icon, then the mark received is related to the qualisign and rheme. If the object is indexed, it will be associated with sinsign and dicent sign. If the object obtained is a symbol, it will be related to legisign and argumentation. This is known as the semiotic process. Semiosis is a process carried out to interpret the sign, therefore, the objects found will be related to each other indirectly.

## **2.2 Previous Research**

Here are some previous researches that are related to the semiotic to analyze symbols: The first is a previous research by (Fadzilah et al., n.d.) with title "*A Semiotics Study of Characterization on The Movie and Visual Novel Adaptations of Andersen's Thumbelina*". This research was analyzing the sign and symbols through the characterization in the movie and novel. It used a qualitative method. From this research, the researcher used the semiotics theory by Pierce's of triangle meaning to outline the analysis. Based on the analysis, there are the differences and similarities while analysis characteristics and signs between movie and novels.

The second previous research by (Baharsyah et al., 2020) who analyze "*A Semiotic Analysis on Icon, index and symbol in Get Out Movie*". This research is to express about the semiotic sign from the get out movie. The author applied theory semiotic by Pierce. Then the author used descriptive qualitative method to his research. In this research, firstly the authors identified the data the he classified the data after that he

selected relevant data. For the final result, he got the classification of the data and calculation.

Vijaya, (2014) analyzed about “*The Semiotic Analysis of The Logos of Eight Japanese Car Companies in Indonesia*”. In this research, the researcher analyzed the logo that car companies use. This study used qualitative method to collect the data. The researcher used Saussure theory to answer the question in this research. The researcher concluded that this study showed the signifier and the significant of the logo from eight Japanese car companies in semiotics theory.

Next is research by (Nisa, 2016) who analyzed “*Cattleya Orchid Signs in Columbian (2011) Film*”. The purpose of this research is to know the forms of signs throughout Cattleya Orchid in the film. This research used qualitative research method to collecting the data while analysis. This research explained the signs of Cattleya self-identity as the main character in this research. This research used Barthes theory to find out the denotative and connotative meaning inside the film. Based on the explanation of the data, the researcher found the denotative and connotative meaning between Cattleya Orchid and Cattleya’s self-identity.

The fifth research entitled “*Nagini Being Interpreted Using Pierce’s Triadic in J.K. Rowling’s Harry Potter and The Deathly Hallows*” by (Ma’arief, 2018). This research used novel as the data source. The researcher used novel “The Deathly Hallows” by J.K. Rowling. The research explained about the character of Nagini related to the symbols. From this study, there was theory Semiotic by Chandler in the

novel and the researcher used theory triadic from Pierce. The result from this study that researcher stated the needs of analysis character in novel to make understand the whole of story.

The sixth previous research by (Rindarti, 2018) with titled "*An Analysis Of Symbolic Meaning Found in Robert Frost's Poems "A Boy's Will"*". The aims of this previous study are to find out the kinds and the dominant symbolic meaning in poem. The researcher used poem by Robert Frost with title "A Boy's Will". This data collected by qualitative method. The researcher used three experts to analyze the study; Timpane theory, Watts theory and Shamisa's theory. From the research, the researcher got 30 data. They had 6 arbitrary symbols, or 20% of absolute discoveries and 24 individual images or 80% of all out discoveries. In this way, the predominant emblematic significance found in Robert Frost's sonnets "A Boy's Will" is personal symbols.

The last previous study is "*Symbol Analysis in The Who Selected Song Lyrics*" by (Subhan & Funck, 2019). This research was analyzing the symbols in song. The purpose of this study was knowing and analyzing kinds and meaning of symbol in that song. This research used qualitative method to get the data. From this research, the researcher decided to use theory by Shaw and Frye about symbol. The proceeds from this study are the song is made by the creator based on what has been experienced by the creator of the song and this song is depicted based on the feeling felt by the creator itself.

In the previous research, it mostly used to analyze about symbols by using the semiotic approach. But from the previous study, there were some differences and similarities which were helped the researcher to get the inspiration and ideas. The differences and the similarities could be seen by the object of the research, the method, the analyzing, the theory, the source and others. The differences between the previous researches are using the difference object, novel *The Island of Doctor Moreau* by H. G. Wells, this research used semiotics approach by Charles S. Peirce, and the aim of the research were to get some data related to type of sign in the novel and the meaning from the sign itself by looking for the understanding of sign by the researcher.

### 2.3 Theoretical Framework

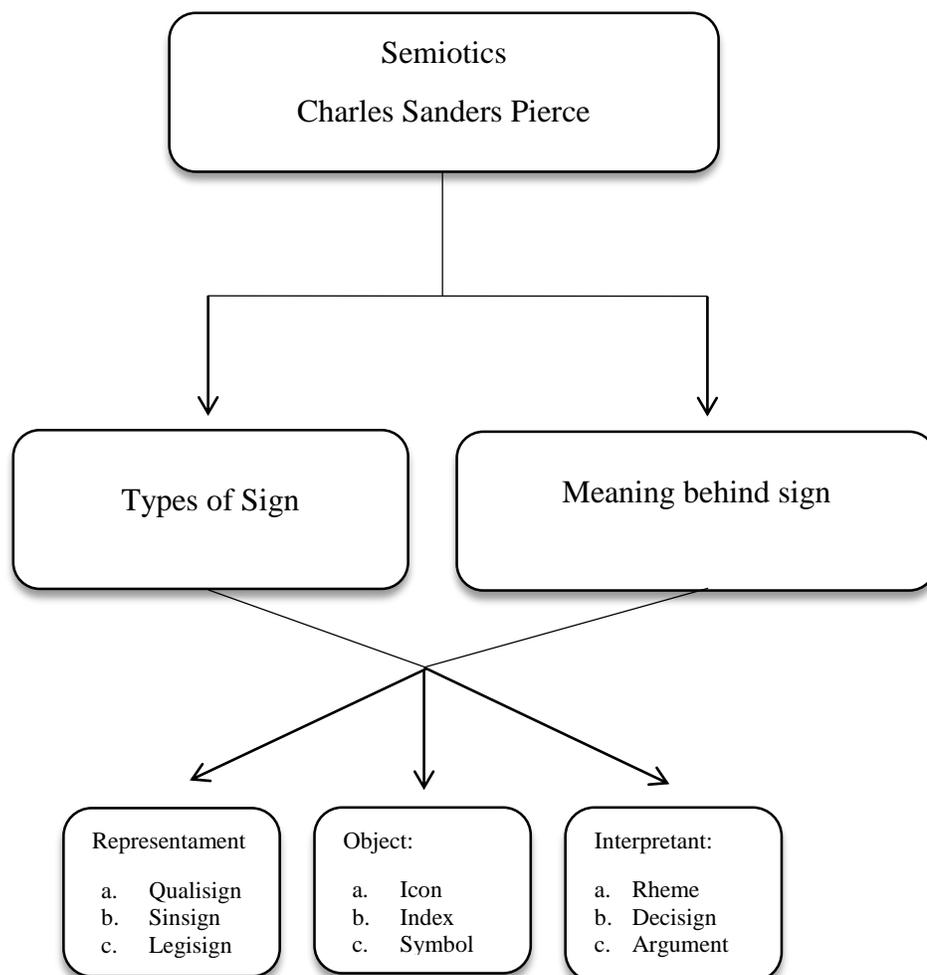


Figure 2. Theoretical Framework

## CHAPTER III

### METHOD OF RESEARCH

#### 3.1 Research Design

In this research, the writer will use descriptive qualitative. Qualitative research is difference with quantitative research. According to (Creswell, 2018), qualitative research deals with words, sentences or data images that has different steps in analyzing data. In this research, the writer will discover the information based on the data analysis through interpretation based on facts.

The phenomena will explain by using sentences and paragraph. Therefore, all the finding in the research will presented descriptively. This research will use Pierce's theory of semiotics as the approach of this research. It will use to analyze sign in novel *The Islands of Dr. Moreau* by H.G. Wells.

#### 3.2 Object of The Research

In research, object of the research is an important part in a study to analyze the data. Object research that uses in this research will analyze the sign. The focus research for this study was to find out the type of sign the meaning behind sign in novel *The Islands of Dr. Moreau* by H.G. Wells. The writer used Pierce's theory of semiotic to

analyze sign in novel. Therefore, researchers used novels *The Islands of Dr. Moreau* by H.G. Wells as objects in research.

### **3.3 Method of Collecting Data**

Data collection techniques are the main stage in conducting research, because the main purpose in research is collecting data for analysis. The data research will take by using observational method. Observational method is a method used to collect data by observing the intended object. The observation that the researchers used in this study was non-participant observation. Non-participant observation is observation where the researcher does not directly participate in the activity or process being observed. Therefore, an observation was made in this study because in polishing this data the researcher used the visual senses to read and understand directly from the sentences in the novel. The writer will collect the data by reading the novel *The Islands of Dr. Moreau* by H.G. Wells. From this, the writer also use skimming and scanning in collecting the data. The writer reads and highlights important parts of the novel related to the information to be analyzed.

The researcher also used technique documentation while collecting the data. Documentation is a data collection method that is not aimed directly at the research subject and documentation is a type of data collection that examines various kinds of documents that are useful for material analysis.

There are some techniques of collecting data by the following steps such as;

1. The first step is reading. Reading is the important part to get the data because the research used novel as the object. The researcher has to read the novel many times to get better understanding.
2. The second step is highlight the data. The researcher highlights the data from the novel *The Islands of Dr. Moreau* by H. G. Wells related to the semiotics theory by Charles S. Peirce.
3. The next step is take some note. The researcher takes some note if there are some words which hard to understand. Make some note while reading the novel can make the reader easy while analyze the data.
4. Identify the sentences or paragraph to answer the phenomenon in question

### **3.4 Method of Analyzing Data**

In this study, the writer used a qualitative method by utilizing the method of presentation in a descriptive form. In this analysis, the writer pays attention to the type and meaning behind of the sign. This research used some step to analyze the data. The first, the writer will collect the data from the novel. The second, the writer will classify the data of the research. The last, the writer will use technique analysis of semiotic by pierce theory with categories sign. Categorization is an activity that consists of putting things, such as objects, ideas, or people (Sudaryanto, 1993).

### **3.5 Method of Presenting the Analyzing Result**

Presenting the result analysis is the last advance of the research. In presenting the results of the analysis, researchers used a combination of informal and formal methods. According to (Sudaryanto, 1993), the informal presentation is by explaining the results of research with data through words and formal presentations, namely by explaining the results obtained based on rules such as formulas, tables, diagrams, pictures and others. The analyzing presentation result will be categorized based on the type of sign to get a good understanding of the meaning behind the type of sign.